

## Section One: Recital (60 marks)

Select **three** pieces from the following list (20 marks each)

As an alternative to the pieces below, candidates may perform up to 3 free choice pieces.  
For guidance on selecting and approving free choice pieces please [click here](#)

Composer/Artist	Title	Book/Cat. Ref	Publisher/ Buy Here
J.S. Bach	Gavotte en Rondeau from Partita BWV 1006	MTB Violin Book Grade 8	<a href="#">MTB Bookshop</a>
Brahms	Sonata No.2 in A: Andante Tranquillo	MTB Violin Book Grade 8	<a href="#">MTB Bookshop</a>
Elgar	Romance Op.1	MTB Violin Book Grade 8	<a href="#">MTB Bookshop</a>
Kreutzer	Etude No.14	MTB Violin Book Grade 8	<a href="#">MTB Bookshop</a>
Wieniawski	Kujawiak	MTB Violin Book Grade 8	<a href="#">MTB Bookshop</a>
Smetana	Andantino from Aus Der Heimat	MTB Violin Book Grade 8	<a href="#">MTB Bookshop</a>
Barbara Arens	Variations	MTB Violin Book Grade 8	<a href="#">MTB Bookshop</a>
Beethoven	Sonata No.5 in F Major Spring Op.24 4 <sup>th</sup> Movt: Rondo, Allegro ma non Troppo	Tomplay	<a href="#">tomplay.com</a>
Dvořák	4 Romantic Pieces Op.75 no.2 Allegro Maestoso	Tomplay or Schirmer	<a href="#">tomplay.com</a> or Schirmer
Manuel de Falla	Popular Spanish Suite No.1 El Pano Moruno and No.2 Nana	Tomplay	<a href="#">tomplay.com</a>
Vivaldi	Concerto in E 'Spring' The Four Seasons 1 <sup>st</sup> Movt: Allegro	Tomplay	<a href="#">tomplay.com</a>
Traditional	Scarborough Fair Upper Advanced	Tomplay	<a href="#">tomplay.com</a>
Monti	Csardas	Tomplay	<a href="#">tomplay.com</a>

Tomplay pieces often include accompaniments and can be purchased individually using the link next to each piece or via a discounted subscription for MTB teachers/learners. To learn more about Tomplay and the subscription [click here](#).

# MTB Grade 8 Violin

Composer/Artist	Title	Book/Cat. Ref	Publisher/ Buy Here
Kreisler	Mazurka No.23 in D major Op.33 no.2 (after Chopin)	Tomplay	<a href="https://tomplay.com">tomplay.com</a>
Debussy	Rêverie L. 68	Tomplay	<a href="https://tomplay.com">tomplay.com</a>
Tartini	Sonata Didone Abbandonata in G minor Op.1 no.10 1 <sup>st</sup> Movt: Tempo moderato	Tomplay	<a href="https://tomplay.com">tomplay.com</a>
Tchaikovsky	Swan Lake	Tomplay	<a href="https://tomplay.com">tomplay.com</a>
Smetana	Aus der Heimat 2nd Movt (ed Hans Sitt)	N/A	Peters
Sarasate	Romanza Andaluza Op.22 no.1	N/A	International Music Company
Beethoven	Spring 4th Movt: Rondo Allegro ma non troppo	Sonata for Violin and Piano in F Major	Peters
Svendsen	Romance Op.26	N/A	Peters
Manuel de Falla	No.1 El Pano Moruno and No. 2 Nano	Suite of Spanish Folksongs	Chester
J.S. Bach	A min Concerto BWV 1041 1st Movt: Allegro	N/A	Peters
Macmillan	Kiss on Wood	N/A	Boosey & Hawkes
Macmillan	A Different World	N/A	Boosey & Hawkes
Macmillan	After the Tryst	N/A	Boosey & Hawkes
Brahms	Sonata in A major Op.100 2nd Movt: Andante Tranquillo	N/A	Wiener Urtext 50012
John Williams	Remembrances	Three Pieces from Schindler's List (with cadenza)	MCA

## Section Two: Technical (25 marks)

Prepare either option 1 or 2 below

### Technical Option 1

#### Technical Exercises:

Perform all the technical exercises required for this grade

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PLUS

#### Scales from Memory:

Perform the scales from memory required for this grade from the sheet

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### Technical Option 2

#### Technical Exercises:

Perform all the technical exercises required for this grade

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PLUS

#### Alternative to Scales from Memory:

Perform the alternative to scales from memory required for this grade from the sheet

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## Section Three: Musicianship (15 marks)

Prepare either option 1 or 2 below

### Musicianship Option 1

#### Reading Skills:

Perform the rhythm exercises for this grade

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PLUS

#### Listening Skills:

Sing the prepared aural tests for this grade

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### Musicianship Option 2

#### Reading Skills:

Perform the rhythm exercises for this grade

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PLUS

#### Duets:

Perform the duet for this grade

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# Scales & Arpeggios from Memory

For the examination, the candidate should be asked to perform all the following scales and arpeggios from memory. They should perform each scale and arpeggio with separate bows or slurred as requested by the teacher. The teacher should aim for an even distribution of articulations. All tempi given are minimum speeds.  
(See [Violin Bowing Patterns](#))

♩ = 92

E♭ major scale - 3 octaves

G# melodic minor scale - 3 octaves

E♭ harmonic minor scale - 3 octaves

♩ = 112

E♭ major arpeggio - 3 octaves

E♭ minor arpeggio - 3 octaves

# Violin Grade Eight

♩ = 114

Chromatic Scale on Ab - 3 octaves

Bowing: separate and slurred 6 notes to a bow

The first staff shows the chromatic scale on Ab in 4/4 time, starting on Ab and ascending through three octaves. The second staff shows the descending chromatic scale on Ab, also in 4/4 time, starting on Ab and descending through three octaves. The bowing instruction indicates that groups of six notes should be played separately and then slurred together.

♩ = 68

Dominant 7th in F - 3 octaves

Bowing: separate and slurred 4 notes to a bow

The first staff shows the dominant 7th scale in F major in 4/4 time, starting on F and ascending through three octaves. The second staff shows the descending dominant 7th scale in F major in 4/4 time, starting on F and descending through three octaves. The bowing instruction indicates that groups of four notes should be played separately and then slurred together.

Diminished 7th on E - 3 octaves

Bowing: separate and slurred 4 notes to a bow

The first staff shows the diminished 7th scale on E in 4/4 time, starting on E and ascending through three octaves. The second staff shows the descending diminished 7th scale on E in 4/4 time, starting on E and descending through three octaves. The bowing instruction indicates that groups of four notes should be played separately and then slurred together.

♩ = 72

Double stopping - G major in 6ths

The staff shows double stopping in G major in 6ths in 4/4 time, starting on G and ascending through three octaves. The notes are played in pairs, with the lower note of each pair being a sixth above the previous note.

♩ = 92

Double stopping - B major in octaves

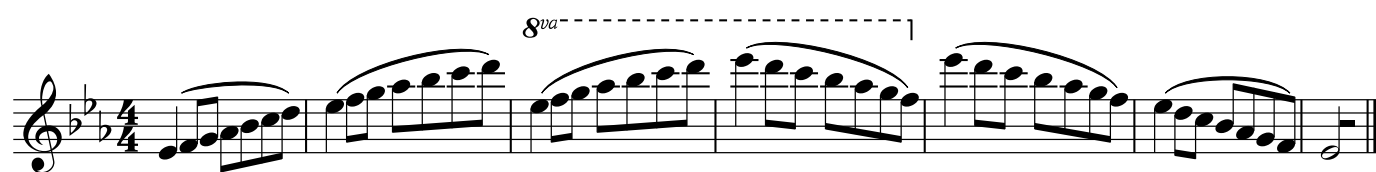
The first staff shows double stopping in B major in octaves in 4/4 time, starting on B and ascending through three octaves. The notes are played in pairs, with the lower note of each pair being an octave above the previous note. The second staff shows the descending double stopping in B major in octaves in 4/4 time, starting on B and descending through three octaves. The bowing instruction indicates that groups of four notes should be played separately and then slurred together.

Double stopping Bb major scale in 3rds (broken steps) - 1 octave

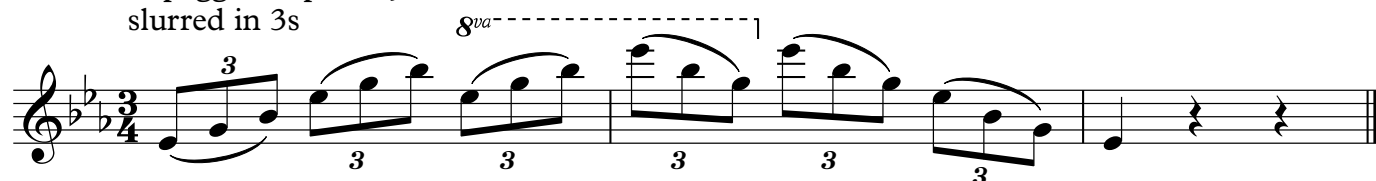
The first staff shows double stopping in Bb major in 3rds (broken steps) in 4/4 time, starting on Bb and ascending through one octave. The notes are played in pairs, with the lower note of each pair being a third above the previous note. The second staff shows the descending double stopping in Bb major in 3rds (broken steps) in 4/4 time, starting on Bb and descending through one octave.

# Scale Bowing Pattern Example

Long tonics. separate & slurred one bow per octave



Arpeggios separate, even and slurred in 3s



## Chromatics

### Grade 8

Separate and slurred 6 notes to a bow

## Dominant 7ths

### Grade 8

Separate, even and slurred 4 notes to a bow

## Diminished 7ths

### Grade 8

Separate and slurred 4 notes to a bow

# Alternative to Scales from Memory

The following do not need to be played from memory. For the examination, perform all of the below scales.

♩=92

Eb major scale - 3 octaves

Musical notation for Eb major scale - 3 octaves. The scale is written in 4/4 time with a key signature of three flats (Bb, Eb, Ab). It consists of two staves of music, each containing 16 measures. The first staff covers the first two octaves, and the second staff covers the third octave. The notation includes slurs, accents, and a dashed line indicating the 8th octave.

G# harmonic minor scale - 3 octaves

Musical notation for G# harmonic minor scale - 3 octaves. The scale is written in 4/4 time with a key signature of four sharps (F#, C#, G#, D#). It consists of two staves of music, each containing 16 measures. The first staff covers the first two octaves, and the second staff covers the third octave. The notation includes slurs, accents, and a dashed line indicating the 8th octave.

E melodic minor scale - 3 octaves

Musical notation for E melodic minor scale - 3 octaves. The scale is written in 4/4 time with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It consists of two staves of music, each containing 16 measures. The first staff covers the first two octaves, and the second staff covers the third octave. The notation includes slurs, accents, and a dashed line indicating the 8th octave.

♩=72

Double stopping - G major in 6ths

Musical notation for Double stopping - G major in 6ths. The scale is written in 4/4 time with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It consists of one staff of music containing 16 measures. The notation includes slurs and accents.

♩=92

Double stopping - B major in octaves

Musical notation for Double stopping - B major in octaves. The scale is written in 4/4 time with a key signature of two sharps (F#, C#). It consists of two staves of music, each containing 16 measures. The notation includes slurs and accents.

Double stopping Bb major scale in 3rds (broken steps) - 2 octaves

Musical notation for Double stopping Bb major scale in 3rds (broken steps) - 2 octaves. The scale is written in 4/4 time with a key signature of two flats (Bb, Eb). It consists of two staves of music, each containing 16 measures. The notation includes slurs and accents.

♩=68

Dominant 7th in F - 3 octaves

Musical notation for Dominant 7th in F - 3 octaves. The scale is written in 4/4 time with a key signature of one flat (Bb). It consists of two staves of music, each containing 16 measures. The notation includes slurs, accents, and a dashed line indicating the 8th octave.

Diminished 7th on E - 3 octaves

Musical notation for Diminished 7th on E - 3 octaves. The scale is written in 4/4 time with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It consists of two staves of music, each containing 16 measures. The notation includes slurs, accents, and a dashed line indicating the 8th octave.

♩=76

Ab chromatic scale - 3 octaves

Musical notation for Ab chromatic scale - 3 octaves. The scale is written in 4/4 time with a key signature of four flats (Bbb, Ebb, Abb, Dbb). It consists of two staves of music, each containing 16 measures. The notation includes slurs, accents, and triplets.

Triplet ♩=112

Eb major arpeggio - 3 octaves

Musical notation for Eb major arpeggio - 3 octaves. The scale is written in 2/4 time with a key signature of three flats (Bb, Eb, Ab). It consists of one staff of music containing 16 measures. The notation includes slurs, accents, and triplets.

E minor arpeggio - 3 octaves

Musical notation for E minor arpeggio - 3 octaves. The scale is written in 2/4 time with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It consists of one staff of music containing 16 measures. The notation includes slurs, accents, and triplets.

# Duets

(arco)  
Andante - Espressivo

Select one of the following two duets  
Grade 8 - i) Romantic Dream

The musical score is written for two violins in a 3/4 time signature with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It consists of seven systems of two staves each. The first system begins with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic and a pizzicato (*pizz*) instruction for the first staff, while the second staff starts with *mf*. The second system features a mezzo-piano (*mp*) dynamic and a crescendo (*cresc*) instruction. The third system includes a pizzicato (*pizz*) instruction, a forte (*f*) dynamic, a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic with an arco instruction, a crescendo (*cresc*), and a diminuendo (*dim*) instruction. The fourth system starts with a mezzo-piano (*mp*) dynamic and an arco instruction. The fifth system has a mezzo-piano (*mp*) dynamic and a crescendo (*cresc*) instruction. The sixth system begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic. The seventh system also begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic.

Musicianship Duets on the MTB Syllabuses are not acceptable for use as Recital pieces for the same grade. Musicianship Duets are Listening Skills, not another piece and consequently are set at a more straightforward technical level.



# Violin Grade Eight

Two staves of music in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. The first staff begins with a *dim* dynamic and a slur over the first four notes. The second staff begins with a *dim* dynamic and a slur over the first four notes. The second measure of both staves has a *mp* dynamic marking.

(arco)  
Decisively!

## Grade 8 - ii) Contra-punkt

Two staves of music in 2/4 time. The first staff has a *f* dynamic marking. The second staff has a *f* dynamic marking and the instruction "(arco)".

Two staves of music in 2/4 time, continuing the piece.

Two staves of music in 2/4 time, continuing the piece.

Two staves of music in 2/4 time, continuing the piece.

# Violin Grade Eight

The musical score consists of seven systems of two staves each. The first system shows a complex rhythmic pattern with sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The second system includes dynamic markings *p* and *cresc*. The third system features a *ff* marking and accents. The fourth system includes *pizz* and *p subito < f* markings. The fifth system continues with rhythmic patterns. The sixth system shows a melodic line with a sharp sign. The seventh system concludes with a melodic line and a sharp sign.

# Violin Grade Eight

The musical score is written for violin and consists of four staves. The first two staves are in treble clef, and the last two are in bass clef. The piece begins with the instruction "arco" above the first staff. The first staff starts with a dynamic marking of *p* (piano) and contains a series of eighth-note patterns. The second staff also starts with *p* and includes the instruction "arco" above it, followed by a "cresc" (crescendo) marking. The third staff continues the eighth-note patterns with accents (>) above many notes. The fourth staff begins with a dynamic marking of *ff* (fortissimo) and continues with the eighth-note patterns and accents. The piece concludes with a double bar line and a final note in the bass clef.

# Technical Exercises

Exercise 1 ♩=90

2 2 2 2

1 1 1 1

Schradieck

Exercise 2 - Up bow spiccato ♩=90

V 4 2 3 2

V 4 2 3 4

Sevcik

Exercise 3 ♩=68

f 2 3 2

p 3 1 3 4

Dont

Candidates should practise the six clapping exercises below as part of their preparation to take this grade.

For the exam itself, the candidate should perform all six exercises in the order below at the indicated tempi. The candidate part should be clapped and the lower part should be provided using either the MTB Reading Skills recording for this grade, which can be downloaded [here](#), or a metronome (not clapped).

♩ = 244

candidate

1

metronome

♩ = 80

2

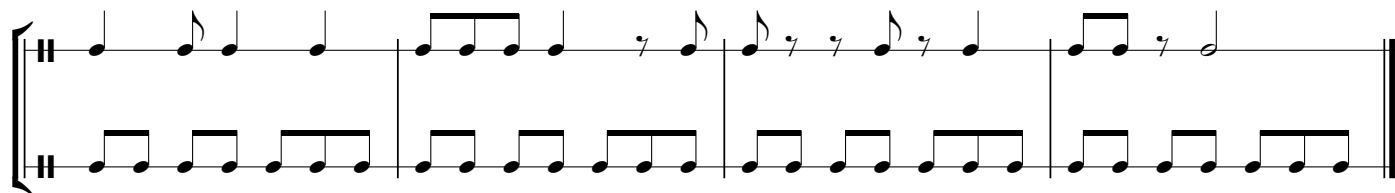
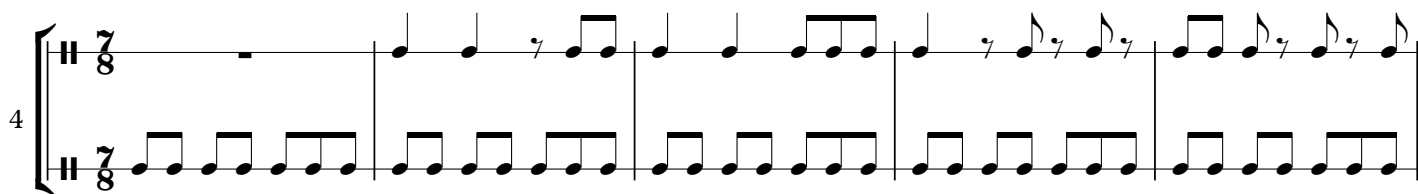
♩ = 104

3

# Violin Grade Eight

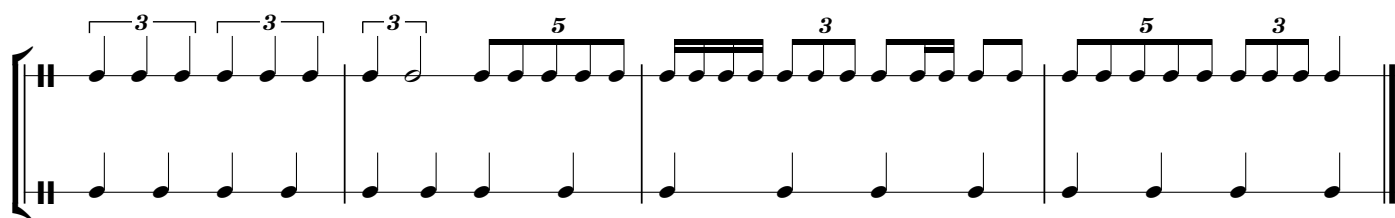
♩ = 200

4



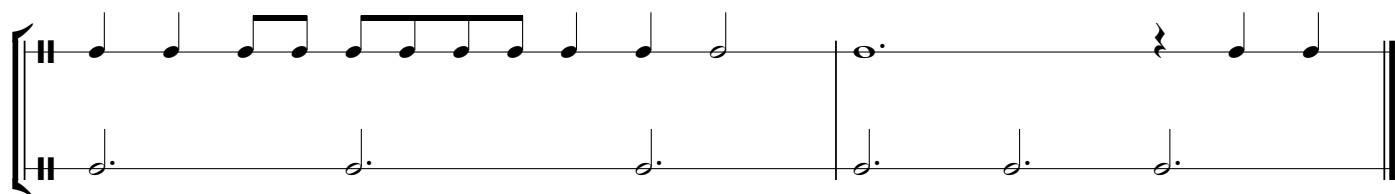
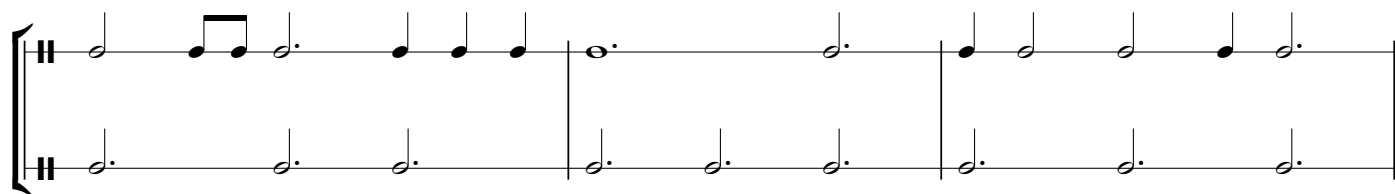
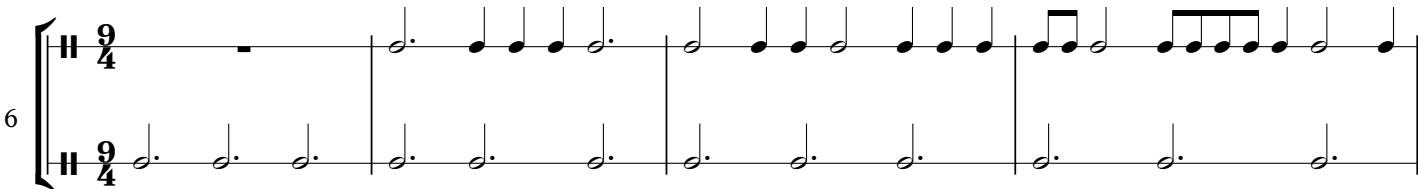
♩ = 90

5



♩ = 62

6





## Syllabus Guidance

- The teacher is encouraged to speak to the candidate during the exam to put them at ease or to help them understand what is being requested. For more guidance on conducting/taking the exam [click here](#).
- The recording should not be turned off at any point during the exam until all elements of the assessment have been completed. For more recording advice [click here](#).
- For Practical Grades follow the above syllabus requirements. To learn about Performance Grade requirements please [click here](#).
- To learn more about how our exams are marked visit our Marking Criteria Page [here](#).
- Any suitable fingerings may be used for pieces and scales. However, any marked fingerings should be used for the technical exercises.
- Suitable use of vibrato is expected from Grade 5 onwards.

### Recital Guidance - Practical & Performance Grades:

- Repeats are optional for MTB Exams, however, they are encouraged as they are often structurally important and can offer opportunities to display greater dynamic and expressive variation.
- All D.C. and D.S. marks should be observed (unless the syllabus specifies otherwise).
- The candidate should introduce each piece they are about to perform by stating its title.
- The teacher may help the candidate tune up before the exam begins. This should be done before starting the recording.
- Recorded accompaniments are acceptable as an alternative to a live accompanist. Make sure it is played on a different device to the one recording the exam.
- The composer's dynamics, phrasing etc should be observed in the pieces. Any editorial markings may be altered to allow for a personal interpretation. Where a piece contains no, or only limited, dynamic and expressive markings, the candidate is encouraged to include their own additional dynamic or expressive elements.
- Where a candidate presents Free Choice repertoire these must be of the correct grade standard. If such pieces fall below the required grade standard then examiners may reflect this in their marking. Free Choice Guidance can be found [here](#).
- Candidates wishing to submit 2 or more pieces with Jazz improvisation may do so as part of our free choice options, these will be marked by a Jazz specialist who will normally specialise in that section of instruments (i.e. Wind, Brass etc).

### Technical & Musicianship Guidance - Practical Grades:

- The tempi given for the technical section exercises (scales from memory/technical exercises etc.) are minimum speed requirements.
- There are no unprepared elements in an MTB exam. All Technical and Musicianship elements should be practised by the candidate prior to taking the exam.
- If the Listening Skills fall outside of the candidate's vocal range, they may be transposed. However, all exercises within a test must be transposed by the same interval.
- For the duet option, the teacher part may be performed by the teacher, another pupil or any suitable player on any instrument from the same family (wind/brass/strings etc) with octave transpositions made as necessary. Alternatively, a recording can be used for the teacher part during the exam.
- Duets set in the Musicianship section cannot to be used as recital pieces.